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موقع واجباتي منصة تعليمية تساهم بنشر حل المناهج الدراسية بشكل متميز لترتقي بمجال التعليم على الإنترنت ويستطيع الطلاب تصفح حلول الكتب مباشرة لجميع المراحل التعليمية المختلفة



حمل التطبيق من هنا



P. 80 1. Suggestions (الاقتراحات) والقبول والرفض

v.(base): تُستخدم هذه الصيغ لتقديم اقتراحات مختلفة، ويأتي بعدها دائماً الفعل في المصدر

الأداة	(التركيب النحوي +)	المثال (Example)
Should	Subject + should + v.(base)	You should buy the green one.
Why don't...?	Why + don't + you/we + v.(base)?	Why don't you put on a sweater?
Why doesn't...?	Why + doesn't + he/she + v.(base)?	Why doesn't she take a rest?
Let's	Let's + v.(base)	Let's go out for dinner.

ردود الفعل على الاقتراحات:

- الموافقة (Accepting): **OK / That's a good idea / Sure / All right / That sounds good.**
- الرفض المهذب (Refusing): **Sorry, I can't / Thanks, but maybe another time / Let's... instead.**

2. Free-Time Activities (الأنشطة الترفيهية)

ممارسة الأنشطة الترفيهية والرياضية في أوقات الفراغ **Free-time activities** تُستخدم هذه الصيغة للتعبير عن

- التركيب: **Go + Verb + -ing**
- أمثلة: go cycling / go hiking / go skiing / go surfing / go swimming.
- مثال في جملة: He **goes swimming** three times a week.
- They sometimes **go hiking** on the weekend.

P. 85 3. Obligation & Necessity (الإلزام والضرورة)

forbidden or not allowed: القوانين أو القواعد والواجبات الإلزامية أو الممنوع و غير المسموح به Obligation Necessity تُستخدم للتعبير عن

الأداة	الاستخدام والضمائر	(التركيب النحوي +)	المثال (Example)
Must	إلزام قوي لجميع الضمائر	Subject + must + v.(base).	We must follow the rules.
Mustn't \ must not	للمنع والتحذير ((ممنوع/محظور	Subject + mustn't + v.(base)	You mustn't talk during the test.

Have to	:إلزام مع (I, you, we, they , II n.)	Subject + have + to + v.(base)	They have to wear uniforms.
Has to	:إلزام مع (he, she, it , 1n. , I n.)	Subject + has + to + v.(base)	She has to do her chores.
Don't \ do not have to	عدم وجود إلزام (ليس ضرورياً)	Subject + don't + have + to + v.(base).	You don't have to iron the socks.
Had to	الإلزام في الماضي (للجميع) Past	Subject + had + to + v.(base)	I had to clean my room.
Didn't \ did not have to	لم يكن ضرورياً في الماضي Past	Subject + didn't + have + to + v.(base).	He didn't have to work yesterday.

P. 88 4. Possessives & Pronouns (الملكية والضمائر)

(تفصل هذه القاعدة بين صفات الملكية (يأتي بعدها اسم) وضمائر الملكية (لا يأتي بعدها اسم):

الضمير الفاعل	(صفة الملكية (يتبعها اسم	(ضمير الملكية (بدون اسم
I	It's my backpack.	It's mine .
You	It's your backpack.	It's yours .
It	This is its door.	This is its .
He	It's his backpack.	It's his .
She	It's her backpack.	It's hers .
We	It's our backpack.	It's ours .
They	It's their backpack.	It's theirs .

- **Whose:** أداة استفهام للسؤال عن الملكية.

Whose + 1n./ I n. + is + this / that?

Whose II n. + are + these / those?

- مثال: **Whose** book is that? It is **my** book. / It is **mine**.
- **Whose** glasses are these? They're **her** glasses. They are **hers**.

One / Ones: تُستخدم لتجنب تكرار الاسم.

- **One** (: للمفرد) Which **coat** do you like? The green **one**.
- **ones** (: للجمع) Which **boots** do you prefer? The leather **ones**.
- **Too:** تعني (أكثر من اللازم) وتأتي قبل الصفة.
 - **too + adjective** This jacket is **too small**.

P. 93 + 123

5. Permission, Requests, & Possibility (الاستئذان، الطلب، والاحتمالية)

v.(base): يأتي بعدها دائماً الفعل في المصدر (Modal Verbs) أفعال ناقصة

- **Permission (طلب الإذن):** نستخدم **Can / May / Could** (**May** و **Could** رسمية أكثر)
 - **May I use** your computer? / **Yes, you may.** / **No, you may not.** / **إعطاء الإذن:** **May I use** your computer? / **مثال:**
 - **Could we come** in? **Yes, you could.** **No, you couldn't.**
 - **Can I have** a pen? **Yes, you can.** **No, you can't.**
- **Requests & Offers (الطلبات والعروض):** نستخدم **Can / Could / Will / Would** (أيضاً **Let / I'll** وفي العروض نستخدم أيضاً **Let me**).
 - **Request: Could you bring** me some water? / **مثال طلب**
 - **Would you give** me your pen?

موافقة Agreeing	رفض Refusing
Sure. / Certainly. / Of course. / No problem.	Sorry. I can't. / Not now. I'm busy.

Offer: We **can make** a cake for you. / **مثال عرض**

- **Let me carry** that for you. **I'll carry** that for you.

قبول Accepting	رفض Refusing
Thank you. / You're very kind.	That's all right. / Don't worry.

- **Possibility & Uncertainty (الاحتمالية والشك):** نستخدم **May / Might**.
 - **We may go** shopping this evening. / **She might not come** today. / **مثال:**

P. 96 6. Comparison and Superlative (المقارنة والتفضيل)

النوع	(التركيب النحوي +)	المثال (Example)
(Comparative)	Short adjective + -er + than	Ahmed is taller than Imad.
(بين اثنين)	More + long adjective + than	Ahmed is more intelligent than Imad.
(Superlative)	The + Adjective + -est	Ahmed is the tallest boy.
(واحد ضد الكل)	The + most + Adjective	Ahmed is the most intelligent boy.

املاء (Spelling Rules):

Adjectives ending in **e** : nice, **nicer**, **Nicest**.

Adjectives ending in **y** : easy, **easier**, **easiest**.

Adjectives ending in **one vowel** followed by 1 consonant : **big**, **bigger**, **biggest**. **Hot**, **Hotter**, **Hottest**.

أهم الصفات الشاذة (Irregular):

- Good (التفضيل) the best (المقارنة) better
- Bad (التفضيل) the worst (المقارنة) worse

P. 101 7. Cause and Effect (السبب والنتيجة)

تُستخدم للتأكيد وإظهار النتيجة:

- التركيب الأول: **so + adjective/adverb + that + subject + verb**
 - مثال: He is **so fast that** he won the race.
 - He ran **so quickly that** he won the race.
- التركيب الثاني (للأسماء المعدودة وغير المعدودة):
 - **so + many + plural noun + that + subject + verb**
 - He has **so many books that** he can't carry them.
 - **so + much + noncount noun + that + s. + v.**
 - I have **so much homework that** I can't go out.
- التركيب الثالث: **such + adjective + noun + that + s. + v.**
 - مثال: Ali is **such a smart boy that** he has the best grades.
 - It was **such an easy test that** all students did well.

P.104 8. Future Forms for Plans (صيغ المستقبل للخطط المؤكدة)

Affirmative [+] and Negative [-] :

Subject	be 1	(التركيب النحوي +)	المثال (Example)
I	am am not	going to + v.(base	I'm going to travel to Jordan.
He / She / It / 1n. / □ n.	is isn't / is not	going to + v.(base	He is not going to travel to Jordan.
They / We / You / □ n.	are aren't / are not	going to + v.(base	We aren't not going to travel to Jordan.

A Yes / No Question and Answer :

Be 1	Subject	(التركيب النحوي +)	المثال (Example)	الاجابة (Answer)
Am	I	going to + v.(base	Am I going to travel to Jordan?	Yes, you are. No, you aren't.
Is	he / she / it / 1n. / □ n.	going to + v.(base	Is Ali going to travel to Jordan?	Yes, he is. No, he isn't.
Are	they / we / you / □ n.	going to + v.(base	Are they going to travel to Jordan? Are you going to	Yes, they are. No, they aren't. Yes, I am.



			travel to Jordan?	No, I am not.
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Information Question :

Wh-word + be 1 + s. + going to + v. (base) _____ ?

What are you going to do on your vacation?

When is he going to leave?

How long are they going to stay?

Who is going to travel with them? ملاحظة : السؤال عن الفاعل يكون مثل تركيب الجملة المثبتة ولكن نحذف الفاعل و نكتب بدلا عنه كلمة (Who)

. Position of **Adjective** (مكان الصفة)

Before **nouns** → It is an **exotic place**.

After the **verb be** → Antarctica **is exotic**.

Verb Be : be , am , is , are , was , were , been

P. 109 9. Adverbs of Manner (ظروف الحال/الطريقة)

للصفة وتأتي بعد الفعل (ly-تصف كيفية حدوث الفعل، وتتكون بإضافة)

- **Verb + Adjective + -ly** التركيب:
○ مثال منتظم: He **drives slowly**. / He **is reading carefully**.
- **easy easily** مثل: (ily) تتحول إلى (y) تغييرات إملائية: إذا انتهت الصفة بـ
- (high high) (fast fast), (hard hard), (late late).
- **well** تتحول في الحال إلى **good** حالة خاصة جداً: الصفة.
○ مثال: He is a good player. → He plays **well**. He plays **better** than me.

P. 118 10. Future Forms for (صيغ المستقبل غير المؤكدة محتمل حدوثه)

Affirmative [+] and Negative [-] :

Subject	will will not / won't	verb (base)	I will travel to Jordan. He'll travel to Jordan. We will not travel to Jordan. We won't travel to Jordan.
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A Yes / No Question and Answer :

السؤال (Question)			الاجابة (Answer)
Will	Subject	verb (base) — ?	Yes, I will. No, I won't.
	he / she / it / 1n. / <input type="checkbox"/> n. they / we / you / <input type="checkbox"/> n		Yes, he will. No, he won't.



Information Question :

Wh-word + **will** + s. + v. (**base**) _____ ?

What will you do on your vacation?

Who will travel with them? ملاحظة : السؤال عن الفاعل يكون مثل تركيب الجملة المثبتة ولكن نحذف الفاعل و نكتب بدلا عنه كلمة (Who)

We often use will with probably or maybe to express. It doubt or uncertainty.

P. 123 11. Conditional Sentences (If الجمل الشرطية -)

جملة الشرط (If-clause) وجملة النتيجة (Result clause) تتكون من شقين: جملة الشرط

- **حقائق عامة/ثابتة (Present Facts):**
 - التركيب: **if + s. + v. simple present + , + s. + v. simple present**
 - مثال: **if you put** water in the freezer, it **becomes** ice.
 - **Water becomes** ice **if you put** water in the freezer.
- **أحداث مستقبلية محتملة (Future Facts):**
 - التركيب: **if + s. + v. simple present + , + S. + V. (will + v.base**
 - مثال: **if their team wins** , the fans **will be** happy.
 - The fans **will be** happy if their team **wins**.
- **will** بـ **may / might** إمكانية غير مؤكدة في النتيجة: نستبدل
 - مثال: **if Noura doesn't study**, she **might fail** the test.
 - We **might go** skiing **if** there is enough snow.

May / might + v. (base)

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12. Want + object noun / pronoun + infinitive (to + v. { base })

Use → To get people to do something. يستخدم للتعبير عن ما نريد ان يفعله الناس لنا

What do you **want Omar to do**? I **want him to take out** the garbage.

13. Tell / Ask + object noun / pronoun + infinitive

Ask Amal to bring some snacks.

Tell her not to be late. (to قبل not في حالة النفي نضع)

Subject Pronoun	Object Pronoun
I	me
He	him
She	her
It	it
We	us
They	them
You	you

P. 131 14. Function works well

We use it for future time.

Request طلب → Will you **help** me?

Offer عرض → I'll help you **carry** that.

Promise وعد → I'll be careful. I won't **do** that again.

Threat تهديد → Stop that or I'll **tell** mother.

Refusal رفض → She won't **listen** to me.

Deduction استنتاج → I suppose it will **be** formal event.

Instant Decision قرار فوري → I'll wear my blue dress.

Farewell وداع → I'll see you tomorrow.

Will = 'll will not = won't بعدهم يكون الفعل في المصدر { verb (base) }

P. 134 15. Past Progressive + When + Past Simple

when: ونربط بينهما ب (Simple Past) يُستخدم للتعبير عن حدث طويل ومستمر في الماضي، قطعه حدث آخر قصير

Past Progressive Affirmative [+] and Negative [-] :

Subject	be 2	verb	المثال (Example)
I / He / She / It / 1n. / n.	was wasn't / was not	v.(ing	He was sleeping . He wasn't sleeping.
They / We / You / n.	were weren't / were not	v.(ing	They were sleeping . We were not sleeping .

Yes / No Question and Answer :

Be 2	Subject	verb	المثال (Example)	الاجابة (Answer
Was	I / he / she / it / 1n. / n.	v.(ing	Was Ali sleeping?	Yes, he was. No, he wasn't.
Were	they / we / you / n.	v.(ing	Were they sleeping? Were you sleeping?	Yes, they were. No, they weren't. Yes, I was. No, I wasn't.

التركيب: Subject + (was/were) + Verb-ing + when + subject + verb (simple past)

- مثال: I was taking a shower when the telephone rang.
- What were you doing when I called you?

P. 139 16. (Adverbs of Degree)

Tell about the intensity of a verb, adjective or adverb. They are : **Absolutely. Almost. Completely . Extremely, hardly. Just , Quite , Really, Very.**

The adverbs of degrees go **before the main verb** and **before the adjective or adverb.**

(تستخدم هذه الكلمات لبيان شدة أو درجة الفعل، أو الصفة، أو الظرف الآخر (بمعنى: تفيد كمية أو قوة الشيء).

مكانها في الجملة: تأتي قبل الفعل الرئيسي. / تأتي قبل الصفة أو الظرف

أمثلة :

- **Absolutely** (I absolutely agree with you. تماماً/مطلقاً): (agree) أو افقك تماماً - جاءت قبل الفعل).
- **Almost** (You almost missed your flight. تقريبا): (كدت تفوت رحلتك تقريبا).
- **Quite** (The students did quite well. إلى حد ما/تماماً): (well) أبلى الطلاب بلاءً حسناً إلى حد ما - قبل الظرف).
- **Just** (He was just running. بالكاد/فقط): (بالكاد/فقط).
- **Hardly** (He can hardly stand up. بالكاد يستطيع الوقوف): (بالكاد/صعوبة): (بالكاد يستطيع الوقوف).
- **Completely** (He is completely exhausted. بالكامل - قبل الصفة): (exhausted) هو مُرهق بالكامل - قبل الصفة).

17. القدرة في الماضي (Could + v. { base } - Was/Were Able To + v. { base })

تُستخدم الكلمتان للتعبير عن القدرة في الزمن الماضي، ولكن هناك فرق مهم في الاستخدام

(General Ability): أ) للقدرة العامة في الماضي

To talk about general ability in the past.

(إذا كنت تتحدث عن مهارة أو قدرة عامة كانت لديك في الماضي (كنت تستطيع فعلها دائماً)، يمكنك استخدام الكلمتين (كلاهما صحيحتان

• **Could** → I **could run** fast when I was young. (كنت أستطيع الركض سريعاً عندما كنت صغيراً).

• **Was/Were able to make** → I **was able to run** fast when I was young.

(كنت أستطيع الركض سريعاً عندما كنت صغيراً).
في حالة النفي، كلاهما صحيح أيضاً: (I couldn't أو weren't able to).

(One Specific Past Action): ب) لموقف محدد ومعين في الماضي

إذا كنت تتحدث عن نجاحك في القيام بشيء محدد في موقف واحد معين (وليس قدرة عامة)، نستخدم فقط

في الإثبات للمواقف المحددة **Could** ملاحظة هامة: لا نستخدم * **Was / Were able to** ×

مثال من الكتاب:

• He **was able to rescue** his grandson. (تمكّن من إنقاذ حفيده - موقف محدد وحدث واحد).

• **He could rescue** his grandson (كما هو مشطوب عليها في كتابك He **could rescue** his grandson عبارة

P. 142 18. Present Perfect

Use to talk about an indefinite time in the past when this specific time in the past is not important and to talk about time from the past up to now.

يُستخدم للتحدث عن أحداث وقعت في وقت غير محدد في الماضي أو تجارب الحياة حتى الآن

Affirmative [+] and Negative [-] :

Subject	has / have	verb	المثال (Example)
He / She / It / 1n. / n.	Has hasn't has not	v.(3 / p.p	He has been to Dubai. He has = He's He hasn't been to Dubai.
I / They / We / You / n.	have haven't have not	v.(3 / p.p	They have been to Dubai . They have = They've They have been to Dubai .

Yes / No Question and Answer :

Be 2	Subject	verb	ever	المثال (Example)	الاجابة (Answer)
Has	he / she / it / 1n. / n.	v.(3	ever	Has Ali ever been to Dubai?	Yes, he has. No, he hasn't.
Have	I / they / we / you / n.	v.(3	ever	Have they ever been to Dubai? Have you ever been to Dubai?	Yes, they have. No, they haven't. Yes, I have. No, I haven't.

• **(Simple Past) وبين (Past Perfect) الفارق بين**

○ Past Perfect (I've been to Bahrain. وقت غير محدد):



- Simple Past (الوقت محدد ومذكور): I was in Bahrain **last year**.

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1. Simple Present (المضارع البسيط)

- يُستخدم للتحدث عن الأفعال الدائمة، العادات، أو الروتين اليومي.
- Used to talk about permanent actions, habits, or routines.
- **Keywords** (:الكلمات الدالة) *always, usually, often, rarely, never, every day, once a month, on weekends.*
- **Example** (:مثال) The **students usually write** a test every month.
- The **student usually writes** a test every month.

2. Present Progressive (المضارع المستمر)

- يُستخدم للتحدث عن أفعال مؤقتة تحدث الآن (في نفس لحظة الكلام).
- Used to talk about temporary actions that are happening right now.
- **Keywords** (:الكلمات الدالة) *right now, now, at the moment.*
- **Example** (:مثال) The students **are writing** a test **at the moment**.

3. Present Perfect (المضارع التام)

- يُستخدم للتحدث عن أفعال حدثت في وقت غير محدد في الماضي، أو أفعال بدأت في الماضي ومستمرة حتى الآن.
- Used to talk about actions that happened at an indefinite time in the past, or actions from the past up to now.
- **Keywords** (:الكلمات الدالة) *ever, never, so far, yet.*
- **Example** (:مثال) The students **haven't written** a test **yet**.

4. Simple Past (الماضي البسيط)

- يُستخدم للتحدث عن أفعال بدأت وانتهت بالكامل في وقت محدد في الماضي.
- Used to talk about actions that were completed at a specific time in the past.
- **Keywords** (:الكلمات الدالة) *yesterday, last week, two days ago, a year ago, in the 19th century, in 2010.*
- **Example** (:مثال) The students **wrote** a test **last week**.

ارجوا ان يكون الملخص مفيد

مع تحيات :

أمل مولوي

مواضيعكم لآ... راجوه الله



1-choose the correct answer:

- 1-We must (followed – following – follow) the rules.
- 2-Ali (has to – have to – had) visit a relative in hospital.
- 3-You should(bought – buy- buys) this jacket.
- 4-He goes(swim – swum- swimming)three times a week.
- 5-Let's(goes – go – going) out for dinner.
- 6-Why doesn't she (took – take – taking) a rest?

2-Do as shown between brackets.

1-(correct)

- a- Sara **go** hiking every year for vacation.....
- b-Let's **watched** T.V.....
- c- What should we **doing** this night ?

2-(Reorder)

- a-Why \ you \ play \ don't \football\ ?
.....
- b- bowling \ Tariq \ goes \ a week \ twice.
.....
- c-some \ Let's\ pizza \ order .
.....

Grammar

A-Choose the correct missing letter.

- 1-.....hores are Things that you have to do around the house.(C – J _ P).
- 2-In my free-time , I go hor....eback riding. (a – s – d).
- 3-Let's go for a dri...e along the ocean. (w – x – v).
- 4- Noura usually goes shop...ing with her cousins. (l – p – m).



B-Choose the correct answer.

- 1-Things you do for fun (free-time activities – homework – housework).
- 2-The students (played -complained- ate) that the test was difficult.
- 3-The (homework -Internet – radio) is a way to socialize and stay in touch with friends.

C-Find the odd words.

- | | | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 1- go for a ride | go swimming | take out the garbage |
| 2- mow the lawn | clean the room | play tennis |
| 3- go hiking | do homework | watching film |

E- write the missing letter



Ba.....ysit

dus.....

vocabulary

D-write the correct word under each picture.

go bowling - mow the lawn - do the laundry - go skiing - wash the dishes



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قناتي على التلفرام

Asma's world



1-choose the correct answer:

- 1-We must (followed – following – follow) the rules.
- 2-Ali (has to – have to – had) visit a relative in hospital.
- 3-You should(bought – buy- buys) this jacket.
- 4-He goes(swim – swum- swimming)three times a week.
- 5-Let's(goes – go – going) out for dinner.
- 6-Why doesn't she (took – take – taking) a rest?

2-Do as shown between brackets.

1-(correct)

- a- Sara go hiking every year for vacation. goes
- b-Let's watched T.V watch
- c- What should we doing this night ? do

2-(Reorder)

- a-Why \ you \ play \ don't \football\ ?
why don't you play football ?
- b- bowling \ Tariq \ goes \ a week \ twice.
Tariq goes blowing twice a week.
- c-some \ Let's\ pizza \ order .
Let's order some pizza.

Grammar

A-Choose the correct missing letter.

- 1-.....hores are Things that you have to do around the house.(C – J _ P).
- 2-In my free-time , I go hor....eback riding. (a – s – d).
- 3-Let's go for a dri...e along the ocean. (w – x – v).
- 4- Noura usually goes shop...ing with her cousins. (l – p – m).



B-Choose the correct answer.

- 1-Things you do for fun (free-time activities – homework – housework).
- 2-The students (played -complained- ate) that the test was difficult.
- 3-The (homework -Internet – radio) is a way to socialize and stay in touch with friends.

C-Find the odd words.

- | | | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 1- go for a ride | go swimming | take out the garbage |
| 2- mow the lawn | clean the room | play tennis |
| 3- go hiking | do homework | watching film |

E- write the missing letter



Babysit



dust

vocabulary

D-write the correct word under each picture.

go bowling - mow the lawn - do the laundry - go skiing - wash the dishes



Wash the dishes



Go bowling



Do the laundry



Mow the lawn



Go skiing



A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-This jacket is (too – to – enough)big.
- 2-I buy a new bag . This bag is (me – my – mine).
- 3-Do you want a big dog or small (one-ones- to).
- 4-Omar has a bike. This is (he – his- him) bike
- 5-Can I (borrow – borrowing- borrows) your laptop?
- 6-Ali might (watching – watch – watched) T.V.

Grammar



Do as shown between brackets.

A.(correct)

- 1-Which sweater is hers? The red **ones** is hers.....
- 2-The coffee is **to** hot.....

B.(reorder)

- 1-use \ May \ phone \ I \ your?
.....
- 2-I \ have \ Can \ cookies \ some \ ?
.....

C.(complete)

- 1- This is her book. This book is
- 2-.....house is new. The house is theirs.

A-Match.

1	We can wear these when it's sunny		Ring
2	She can wear one on her finger		Suit
3	He can wear this to the office		Sunglasses
4	She can wear one on her neck		Necklace

B-Write the correct word under each picture

belt umbrella scarf wallet earrings



C-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-You can find a man's suit in (men's - women's – accessories)department.
- 2-He can find sheets and pillows in (makeup- electronic -home)department
- 3-She can keep her wallet in it.(bag – sunglasses – tie)

D-Find the odd words.

- | | | |
|-----------|----------|-----------|
| 1-ring | bracelet | raincoat |
| 2-make up | blender | microwave |
| 3-sheets | pillows | shirt |

F-Write the missing letter.



...erfume



.....ewelry

E.Choose the missing letters.

- 1-In ac....essories. Wallets are on sale now.(d – c – a)
- 2-This bag is a bar....ain. (f – p – g)
- 3-My windbrea...er was waterproof, so that kept my body dry.(k – j – h)
- 4-Street markets have the best p...ices. (l – r – q)

vocabulary



قناتي على التلفرام
Asma's world



Grammar



A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-This jacket is (**too** – to – enough)big.
- 2-I buy a new bag . This bag is (me – my – **mine**).
- 3-Do you want a big dog or small (**one**-ones- to).
- 4-Omar has a bike. This is (he – **his**- him) bike
- 5-Can I (**borrow** – borrowing- borrows) your laptop?
- 6-Ali might (watching – **watch** – watched) T.V.

Do as shown between brackets.

A.(correct)

- 1-Which sweater is hers? The red **ones** is hers . **one**
- 2-The coffee is **to** hot. **too**

B.(reorder)

- 1-use \ May \ phone \ I \ your?
May I use your phone?
- 2-I \ have \ Can \ cookies \ some \ ?
Can I have some cookies?

C.(complete)

- 1- This is her book. This book is **hers**.
- 2-**Their** house is new. The house is theirs.

A-Match.

1	We can wear these when it's sunny	2	Ring
2	She can wear one on her finger	3	Suit
3	He can wear this to the office	1	Sunglasses
4	She can wear one on her neck	4	Necklace

B-Write the correct word under each picture

belt umbrella scarf wallet earrings



scarf



belt



earrings



umbrella



wallet

vocabulary

C-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-You can find a man's suit in (**men's** - women's – accessories)department.
- 2-He can find sheets and pillows in (makeup- electronic -**home**)department
- 3-She can keep her wallet in it.(**bag** – sunglasses – tie)

D-Find the odd words.

- | | | |
|-------------------|----------|-----------------|
| 1-ring | bracelet | raincoat |
| 2- make up | blender | microwave |
| 3-sheets | pillows | shirt |

F-Write the missing letter.



perfume



jewelry

E.Choose the missing letters.

- 1-In ac....essories. Wallets are on sale now.(d – **c** – a)
- 2-This bag is a bar....ain. (f – p – **g**)
- 3-My windbrea...er was waterproof, so that kept my body dry.(**k** – j – h)
- 4-Street markets have the best p...ices. (l – **r** – q)



A. choose the correct answer:

- 1-Ahmad is (short – shorter-shortest).
- 2-Amal gets the (good- better- best) mark in the class.
- 3- There are (so many – so much – so) cars that we couldn't park here.
- 4-It was (such -so- so much) windy that we couldn't go sailing.
- 5-It's (such – so - many) a beautiful weather that we spent the whole day outside.

Grammar

B.Do as shown between brackets.

(correct)

- 1- I have so many homework that I can't go out tonight
- 2-Marry has the bad mark in the class.....
- 3- Omar is such fast that he won the race.....
- 4- Elephants are big than bears.....
- 5 -French is difficult than English.....



(Combine the sentences with so...that or such....that.)

1-The children were tired after their school trip. They fell asleep on the bus.
.....

2- The Arabian Oryx was an endangered species. It was extinct in the wild.
.....

(Add - er)

- 1-easy 2- short 3- fast 4- hot

(Add - est)

- 1-old..... 2- tall..... 3-smart..... 4-nice.....

A-Choose the correct answer.

- 1-Football is the most popular international team(health – sport – technology).
- 2-The Burj Al Arab (Hotel - city – town) is one of the world's tallest hotels.

B-Choose the correct letter.

- 1-Lapto...s are cheaper than other computers.(p – w – f)
- 2-The ba....ana is the most popular fruit in the world. (n – m – o)

C-Find the odd words.

- 1-uranium gold hotel
- 2-difficult play exciting

E-Write the missing letter



Islan...



...alcon

vocabulary

D-Write the correct word under each picture

diamond - desktop - oryx - shark



.....



.....



.....



.....



A. choose the correct answer:

- 1-Ahmad is (short – shorter-shortest).
- 2-Amal gets the (good – better -best) mark in the class.
- 3- There are (so many – so much – so) cars that we couldn't park here.
- 4-It was (such -so- so much) windy that we couldn't go sailing.
- 5-It's (such – so - many) a beautiful weather that we spent the whole day outside.



B.Do as shown between brackets.

(correct)

- 1- I have so **many** homework that I can't go out tonight. **much**
- 2-Marry has the **bad** mark in the class. **worst**
- 3- Omar is **such** fast that he won the race. **so**
- 4- Elephants are **big** than bears. **bigger**
- 5 -French is **difficult** than English. **more difficult**

قناتي على التلفرام
Asma's world

Grammar

(Combine the sentences with so...that or such....that.)

- 1- The children were tired after their school trip. They fell asleep on the bus.
The children were **so** tired after their school trip **that** they fell asleep on the bus.
- 2- The Arabian Oryx was an endangered species. It was extinct in the wild.
The Arabian Oryx was **such** an endangered species **that** it was extinct in the wild.

(Add - er)

- 1-easy **easier** 2- short **shorter** 3- fast **faster** 4- hot **hotter**

(Add - est)

- 1-old **oldest** 2- tall **tallest** 3-smart **smartest** 4-nice **nicest**



A-Choose the correct answer.

- 1-Football is the most popular international team(health – **sport** – technology).
- 2-The Burj Al Arab (**Hotel** - city – town) is one of the world's tallest hotels.

B-Choose the correct letter.

- 1-Lapto...s are cheaper than other computers.(**p** – w – f)
- 2-The ba....ana is the most popular fruit in the world. (**n** – m – o)

C-Find the odd words.

- 1-uranium gold **hotel**
- 2-difficult **play** exciting

E-Write the missing letter



Island



falcon

vocabulary

D-Write the correct word under each picture

diamond - desktop - oryx - shark



shark



diamond



oryx



desktop



A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Imad is (go – goes – going) to climb a mountain.
- 2- (what – where – who) are they going to write to ?
- 3-Omar drives (slow – slows – slowly).
- 4-They are going to (play – played – plays) bowling.
- 5-Noura is a (loudly – loud – louds) speaker.

Do as shown between brackets.

a-(correct)

- 1-Amal is going to cooked the dinner.
- 2-Ali is goes to hang out with his friend.
- 3-what are we going to stay?
- 4-Sabah is a quietly speaker.....

b-(use adverb of manner)

- 1- Asma is a good writer
.....
- 2-They are a quick runner
.....

c- (answer)

- 1-is he going to play tennis?
Yes,.....

Grammar



1-Choose the correct word for each picture. (noisy - coral reefs - relaxing - desert -oasis)



.....

2-write the opposite of these words.

- 1-unusual ≠
- 2-dangrous≠
- 3-inexpensive≠

3-Choose the missing letter.

- a-The gui..e is going to show us around the site.(d -j – s)
- b-I'm aller....ic to shrimp. (g – u – f)

4-Find the odd words.

- a-gazelles zebra cat
- b-turtles cow dolphin

5-Choose the correct answer.

- 1- a forest in a tropical area that receives a lot of rain(rainforest – tombs – ecosystem)
- 2-Jazan, in southwestern Saudi Arabia, is a (coastal - exciting -ancient) city on the Red Sea.

6-Write the missing letter



lion...ish

di.....e

vocabulary



A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Imad is (go – goes – **going**) to climb a mountain.
- 2- (what – where – **who**) are they going to write to ?
- 3-Omar drives (slow – slows – **slowly**).
- 4-They are going to (**play** – played – plays) bowling.
- 5-Noura is a (loudly – **loud** – louds) speaker.

قناتي على التلغرام
Asma's world



Do as shown between brackets.

a-(correct)

- 1-Amal is going to **cooked** the dinner. **cook**
- 2-Ali is **goes** to hang out with his friend. **going**
- 3-**what** are we going to stay? **where**
- 4-Sabah is a **quietly** speaker. **quiet**

b-(use adverb of manner)

- 1- Asma is a good writer
Asma writes well.
- 2-They are a quick runner
They run quickly.

c- (answer)

- 1-is he going to play tennis?
Yes, he is.

Grammar



1-Choose the correct word for each picture. (noisy - coral reefs - relaxing - desert -oasis)



relaxing



noisy



desert



Coral reefs



oasis

2-write the opposite of these words.

- 1-unusual ≠ **usual**
- 2-dangrous≠ **safe**
- 3-inexpensive≠ **expensive**

3-Choose the missing letter.

- a-The gui..e is going to show us around the site.(**d** -j – s)
- b-I'm aller....ic to shrimp. (**g** – u – f)

4-Find the odd words.

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6-Write the missing letter



lionfish



dive

vocabulary



A. Choose the correct answer.

- 1-I will (travel – traveling _ travels) to Jeddah.
- 2-Will they (going – goes – go) to the park ?
- 3-If you heat the water to 100C , it(boil – boils – boiling).
- 4- How will he (gets – getting -get) to work?
- 5- If it's hot and humid, I don't (feel – feels – felt) very active.

2. Do as shown between brackets.

A-(Correct)

- 1- Sara won't **cooked** the dinner.
- 2- If it rains, I won't **played** tennis
- 3-Ali will **is** ten next year.....
- 4-if I am sick , I may **stayed** at home.

B-(Give the negative)

- 1- It'll be cold and snowy.
.....
- 2- Nora will eat fast food.
.....

C-(Answer)

- 1-Will they travel next summer? -Yes ,
- 2- Will it rain afternoon? -No,

Grammar



A. Choose the correct answer.

- 1-it's going to (rain – dry) today. You need your umbrella.
- 2-It will be 40 degrees Celsius today. That's (hot – cold)
- 3-Where are my sunglasses? It's really(snowy-sunny) today.

B .find the odd words.

- 1- dry hot ball
- 2- winter August summer
- 3-cold fax freezing

F- Write the missing letters



Snow...



Win....y

C- Choose the opposite of these words

1-hot ≠ (cold – warm)

b- wet ≠ (spring – dry)

D.Choose the missing letter.

- 1-It's ten degrees belo.... zero (-10). (d – w – p)
- 2- What's your favorite seaso... of the year? (b – v – n)
- 3-I'll go and see the cherry blossoms.....s. (m – q – t)

E- Write the correct word under each picture

cloudy thunderstorm rainy sunny



.....



.....



.....



.....

vocabulary



A. Choose the correct answer.

- 1-I will (**travel** – traveling _ travels) to Jeddah.
- 2-Will they (going – goes – **go**) to the park ?
- 3-If you heat the water to 100°C , it(boil – **boils** – boiling)
- 4- How will he (gets – getting -**get**) to work?
- 5- If it's hot and humid, I don't (**feel** – feels – felt) very active.

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Asma's world



2. Do as shown between brackets.

A-(Correct)

- 1- Sara won't **cooked** the dinner. **cook**
- 2- If it rains, I won't **played** tennis . **play**
- 3-Ali will **is** ten next year. **be**
- 4- if I am sick , I may **stayed** at home. **stay**

B-(Give the negative)

- 1- It'll be cold and snowy.
It won't cold and snowy.
- 2- Nora will eat fast food.
Nora won't eat fast food.

C-(Answer)

- 1-Will they travel next summer? -Yes , **they will.**
- 2- Will it rain afternoon? -No, **it won't.**

Grammar



A. Choose the correct answer.

- 1-it's going to (**rain** – dry) today. You need your umbrella.
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- 1- dry hot **ball**
- 2- winter **August** summer
- 3-cold **fax** freezing

F- Write the missing letters



Snowy



Windy

C- Choose the opposite of these words

1-hot ≠ (**cold** – warm)

b- wet ≠ (spring – **dry**)

D.Choose the missing letter.

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- 2- What's your favorite seaso... of the year? (b – v – **n**)
- 3-I'll go and see the cherry blossoms.....s. (**m** – q – t)

E- Write the correct word under each picture



thunderstorm



cloudy

cloudy

thunderstorm



sunny

rainy

sunny



rainy

vocabulary



A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-Could you (give – gives – giving) me a pen?
- 2-I'll (carrying – carried – carry) your book.
- 3-let me (tells – tell – told) you a joke.
- 4-Sara won't (listen – listened – listening) to me.
- 5-We will (are – is - be) careful .
- 6- Ask Amina to (bringing – bring – brings) some snacks.

B- Do as shown between brackets.

1-(correct)

- a- Omar will wears his blue T-shirt.
- b- Ali wants him to plays football.
- c- Stop that ! or I'll the teacher, is offer
- d- Could I had a sandwich?.....

2-(reorder)

- a- about/ the/new museum / me / tell.
.....
- b- Ask / to meet / Yahya / in the library.
.....
- c- a soda \ Will \ give \ you \ me ?
.....

A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-(an emergency - graduation)is a serious situation where someone get sick or die or get in a trouble.
- 2- (Will you do me a favor?) means : (Will you help me with something? – will you study with me?)

B.Choose the missing letter.

- 1-Could you wash your brother football unifor..? (f – c – m)
- 2-Let me help you ca...ry that. (w – r – a)
- 3- Would you help your sister with her homewor..? (k – h – d)

D- Write the missing letters



mes...age



iro....

C-Write the correct word under each picture.

Snack graduation ticket napkins



.....



.....



.....



.....



A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-Could you (**give** – gives – giving) me a pen?
- 2-I'll (carrying – carried – **carry**) your book.
- 3-let me (tells – **tell** – told) you a joke.
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1-(correct)

- a- Omar will **wears** his blue T-shirt. **wear**
- b- Ali wants him to **plays** football. **play**
- c- Stop that ! or I'll the teacher, is **offer** .Threat
- d- Could I **had** a sandwich? **have**

2-(reorder)

- a- about/ the/new museum / me / tell.
Tell me a bout the new museum
- b- Ask / to meet / Yahya / in the library
Ask Yahya to meet in the library.
- c- a soda \ Will \ give \ you \ me?
Will you give me a soda?

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Asma's world



Grammar



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- 1-(**an emergency** - graduation)is a serious situation where someone get sick or die or get in a trouble.
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- 1-Could you wash your brother football unifor..? (f – c – **m**)
- 2-Let me help you ca...ry that. (w – **r** – a)
- 3- Would you help your sister with her homework..? (**k** – h – d)

D- Write the missing letters



message



iron

C-Write the correct word under each picture.

Snack graduation ticket napkins



snack



napkins



ticket



graduation

vocabulary



A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-I (was – were – is) sleeping.
- 2-They could not (saw- seeing – see) in the dark.
- 3- What were you doing when I (call- called - calls)you?
- 4- Majid was(look – looks - looking)at the trees when he saw a parrot.
- 5-she wasn't (play – playing- played) video games.
- 6-I was able to (run- running – runs) fast when I was younger.

B- Do as shown between brackets.

1-(correct)

- a- when I studied , My mom was cooked
- b- We couldn't played golf when he was three.. ..

2-(answer the questions.)

- a- Was he eating pasta? - yes,
- b- Were they doing their homework? – No,

3-(rewrite the following sentences with an adverb)

- a- I finished two seconds ago. (just)
.....
- b- He can stand up. (hardly)
.....



A.Choose the correct answer:

- 1- My mother has a bandage on her finger. It's not a large (wound – snake – storm) but it hurts.
- 2- The thunder and (crowd - lightning – attractions)storm is a real one coming across from the mainland..

B.Match the words with their meanings

1	get control		lose one's job
2	risk		dominate
3	shriek		shout loudly
4	be fired		take a chance

E- Find the odd words.

- 1- grandfather - grandson -phone
- 2-shout - box - scream

C- Choose the missing letter

- 1-I admire firemen because they are very brave people. (s – v – w)
- 2- The ...ookeeper doesn't feed the animals everyday.(z - n – k)

D- write the correct word under each picture



(parrot – thief)

.....



.....

F- write the missing letter



el...vator



Piz...a



A-Choose the correct answer:

- 1-I (was – were – is) sleeping.
- 2-They could not (saw- seeing – see) in the dark.
- 3- What were you doing when I (call- called - calls)you?
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Grammar

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- b- We couldn't played golf when he was three.. **play**

2-(answer the questions.)

- a- Was he eating pasta? - yes, **he was.**
- b- Were they doing their homework? – No, **they weren't**

3-(rewrite the following sentences with an adverb)

- a- I finished two seconds ago. (just)
I just finished two second ago,
- b- He can stand up. (hardly)
He can hardly stand up

قناتي على التلفزيون
Asma's world



A.Choose the correct answer:

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1	get control	4	lose one's job
2	risk	1	dominate
3	shriek	3	shout loudly
4	be fired	2	take a chance

E- Find the odd words.

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- 2-shout - **box** - scream

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- 1-I admire firemen because they are very brave people. (s – **v** – w)
- 2- The ...ookeeper doesn't feed the animals everyday.(**z** - n – k)

D- write the correct word under each picture



F- write the missing letter



vocabulary



Grammar

A. Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Bassam (ride – rides – riding) his horse almost every day.
- 2- Have you ever (gone – go – goes) to London?
- 3- He has (finish – finished - finishing) his homework.
- 4- we haven't (take – takes – taken) any test in English.
- 5- I (close – closed – closing) the door every day when I leave.

B. Do as shown between brackets.

(Correct) :

- 1- The students haven't write a test yet.
- 2- Adel eat a whole pizza yesterday.

B-(Make (Yes or NO) question).

- 1- She has gone for walk.
.....?
- 2- They have played football.
.....?

C-(answer):

- 1- Has she ever been in Bahrain ? - Yes ,
- 2- Have you eaten sushi ? - No,

D- (Give the negative)

- 1- He has flown by plane.
.....



A- Choose the correct answer.

- 1- I was (scared to death-to be honest -definitely) when a mouse ran across the kitchen floor.
- 2- Wear long pants and socks to protect your legs from getting(rain - itchy- ski).
- 3- A camel has a (hand - hump - lamp) on its back.

B. Find the odd words.

- 1- shark - fish - camel
- 2- football - hang gliding - basketball
- 3- swimming - water skiing - bungee jumping

E- write the missing letter



ro...e



Ca...e

C. Choose the missing letter.

- 1- Zero..e is half zebra, half horse (n - s - q)
- 2- The activity of jumping off a very high place, is called bun....ee jumping (s - g - p)
- 3- ca....els known as the ships of desert. (c - g - m)
- 4- scuba di...ing is a sport in which you swim underwater (v - x - p)

D- write the correct word under each picture (durian- shark – cliff hanging - camel)



.....

vocabulary



A. Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Bassam (ride – **rides** – riding) his horse almost every day.
- 2- Have you ever (**gone** – go – goes) to London?
- 3- He has (finish – **finished** - finishing) his homework.
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- 5- I (**close** – closed – closing) the door every day when I leave.

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- 2- Adel **eat** a whole pizza yesterday. **ate**

B-(Make (Yes or NO) question).

1- She has gone for walk.

Has she gone for walk?

2- They have played football.

Have they played football?

C-(answer):

1- Has she ever been in Bahrain ? - Yes , **she has.**

2- Have you eaten sushi ? - No, **I haven't**

D- (Give the negative)

1- He has flown by plane.

He hasn't flown by plane.

قناتي على التلفزيون

Asma's world



A- Choose the correct answer.

- 1- I was (**scared to death** - to be honest - definitely) when a mouse ran across the kitchen floor.
- 2- Wear long pants and socks to protect your legs from getting (rain - **itchy** - ski).
- 3- A camel has a (**hand - hump** - lamp) on its back.

B. Find the odd words.

- 1- shark - fish - **camel**
- 2- football - **hang gliding** - basketball
- 3- swimming - water skiing - **bungee jumping**

E- write the missing letter



rope



Cage

C. Choose the missing letter.

- 1- Zero..e is half zebra, half horse (n - **s** - q)
- 2- The activity of jumping off a very high place, is called bun....ee jumping (s - **g** - p)
- 3- ca....els known as the ships of desert. (c - g - **m**)
- 4- scuba di...ing is a sport in which you swim underwater (**v** - x - p)

D- write the correct word under each picture (durian- shark – cliff hanging - camel)



durian



shark



camel



Cliff hanging



Vocabulary

1- Answer these questions :

/ 3

1. What is something you do for fun?

.....

2. What is something you have to do?

.....

3. Things you have to do around the house are

.....

Grammar

/ 4

2- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1	Why didn't you do your homework? I to the doctor.
A	had to go
B	had go
C	have to go
D	take

2	Let's go bowling tonight. I can't. I study for a test.
A	had to
B	have to
C	have
D	has to

3	Let's tomorrow
A	hiking
B	go to hike
C	go hiking
D	to hike

4	Why don't we go horseback riding? go the amusement park instead.
A	Should
B	Why
C	Let
D	Let's

Form, Meaning and Function

/ 3

3- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1	Adel didn't go to the mall because he his chores
A	had to do
B	had do
C	must do
D	must did

2	You the street when the light is red.
A	must cross not
B	haven't to cross
C	don't have to cross
D	mustn't cross

3	We early. Our flight leaves at 6 A.M. tomorrow morning
A	must to wake up
B	had to wake up
C	have to wake up
D	must have wake

Reading

4- Read the text then answer the questions :

Mariam does chores at home. Every week Mariam’s mother writes a “to-do” list for Mariam. She does different chores each week. Mariam likes washing the dishes. She doesn’t like to do the laundry or babysit her little brother. When Mariam finishes her chores, she has free time. Then she can read a book. That is Mariam’s favorite thing to do when she has free time. Here is Mariam’s “to-do” list for this week.

Mariam’s To-Do List	
Saturday	feed the fish go grocery shopping with Mom
Sunday	feed the fish do the laundry
Monday	feed the fish clean her room
Tuesday	feed the fish wash the dishes
Wednesday	feed the fish cook dinner
Thursday	feed the fish babysit her younger brother

1. What does Mariam have to do every day ?

/ 5

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2. What does Mariam have to do on Sunday ?

.....

3. What does Mariam have to do on Monday ?

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4. What does Mariam have to do on Tuesday ?

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5. What does Mariam have to do on Thursday ?

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Writing

/ 5

5- Write about your day , what do you do around the house .

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نموذج الإجابة

Vocabulary

1- Answer these questions :

/ 3

1. What is something you do for fun?

I play video games

2. What is something you have to do?

I clean my room

3. Things you have to do around the house are

chores

Grammar

/ 4

2- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1	Why didn't you do your homework? I to the doctor.	A had to go	B had go	C have to go	D take
2	Let's go bowling tonight. I can't. I study for a test.	A had to	B have to	C have	D has to
3	Let's tomorrow	A hiking	B go to hike	C go hiking	D to hike
4	Why don't we go horseback riding? go the amusement park instead.	A Should	B Why	C Let	D Let's

Form, Meaning and Function

/ 3

3- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1	Adel didn't go to the mall because he his chores	A had to do	B had do	C must do	D must did
2	You the street when the light is red.	A must cross not	B haven't to cross	C don't have to cross	D mustn't cross
3	We early. Our flight leaves at 6 A.M. tomorrow morning	A must to wake up	B had to wake up	C have to wake up	D must have wake

Reading

4- Read the text then answer the questions :

Mariam does chores at home. Every week Mariam’s mother writes a “to-do” list for Mariam. She does different chores each week. Mariam likes washing the dishes. She doesn’t like to do the laundry or babysit her little brother. When Mariam finishes her chores, she has free time. Then she can read a book. That is Mariam’s favorite thing to do when she has free time. Here is Mariam’s “to-do” list for this week.

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Monday	feed the fish clean her room
Tuesday	feed the fish wash the dishes
Wednesday	feed the fish cook dinner
Thursday	feed the fish babysit her younger brother

1. What does Mariam have to do every day ?

Feed the fish

2. What does Mariam have to do on Sunday ?

do the laundry

3. What does Mariam have to do on Monday ?

clean her room

4. What does Mariam have to do on Tuesday ?

wash the dishes

5. What does Mariam have to do on Thursday ?

babysit her younger brother

/ 5

Writing

5- Write about your day , what do you do around the house .

/ 5

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Vocabulary

1- Choose the best word to fill in the blank.

- A** purse **B** a belt **C** suitcase **D** earrings **E** pajamas **F** an umbrella

1. It might rain. You should bring
2. Your pants are too big. You should wear
3. Did you pack yourIt's time to go to the airport!
4. Oh no! I lost myMy wallet is in it.
5. It's time for bed! Put on your
6. Do you prefer the gold or silver ?

/ 3

Grammar

2- Choose the best word to fill in the blank.

- A** theirs **B** yours **C** ours **D** mine

1. Tom, is that your jacket? Yes. It's
2. This house belongs to them. It's
3. Is this backpack mine? No. That backpack isn't
4. Whose house is this ? It'sWe bought it.

/ 3

3- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1 Which pants do you like? The blue

A won **B** one **C** ones **D** ours

2 Do you like this jacket? No. It issmall.

A to **B** too **C** two **D** enough

Form, Meaning and Function

/ 4

4- Match a question in Column 1 with an answer in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. Could I exchange this book?	A. Yes... Just enter your password here.
2. May I pay by credit card?	B. Sure. Is ten dollars enough?
3. Can I borrow some money?	C. I'm sorry. This is the last one.
4. Could you bring me a larger size?	D. Sure. Do you have the receipt?

نموذج الإجابة

Vocabulary

1- Choose the best word to fill in the blank.

A	purse	B	a belt	C	suitcase	D	earrings	E	pajamas	F	an umbrella
---	-------	---	--------	---	----------	---	----------	---	---------	---	-------------

1. It might rain. You should bring an umbrella
2. Your pants are too big. You should wear a belt
3. Did you pack your suitcase It's time to go to the airport!
4. Oh no! I lost my purse My wallet is in it.
5. It's time for bed! Put on your pajamas
6. Do you prefer the gold or silver earrings?

/ 3

Grammar

2- Choose the best word to fill in the blank.

A	theirs	B	yours	C	ours	D	mine
---	--------	---	-------	---	------	---	------

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Tom, is that your jacket? | Yes. It's <u>mine</u> |
| 2. This house belongs to them. | It's <u>theirs</u> |
| 3. Is this backpack mine? | No. That backpack isn't <u>yours</u> |
| 4. Whose house is this ? | It's <u>ours</u> We bought it. |

/ 3

3- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1	Which pants do you like? The blue					
A	won	B	one	C ones	D	ours

2	Do you like this jacket? No. It issmall.						
A	to	B	too	C	two	D	enough

Form, Meaning and Function

/ 4

4- Match a question in Column 1 with an answer in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. Could I exchange this book?	2 A. Yes... Just enter your password here.
2. May I pay by credit card?	3 B. Sure. Is ten dollars enough?
3. Can I borrow some money?	4 C. I'm sorry. This is the last one.
4. Could you bring me a larger size?	1 D. Sure. Do you have the receipt?

Vocabulary

/ 3

1- Match a sentence part in Column 1 with a sentence part in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. The Nile is	A. the most crowded city in the world.
2. Tokyo is	B. the most precious stones.
3. Diamonds are	C. the most popular sport in the world.
4. Football is	D. the most dangerous fish.
5. The great white shark is	E. the longest river in the world.
6. The banana is	F. the most popular fruit.

Grammar

/ 6

2- Complete the table below :

tall	taller	
old		the oldest
hot	hotter	
	happier	the happiest
intelligent		the most intelligent
beautiful	more beautiful	

3- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1	Ahmed is boy in my class.	A tall	B taller	C tallest	D the tallest
2	I think horses are than cats	A smarter	B more smart	C smartest	D smart
3	I think my history class is than my science class.	A interesting	B more interesting	C the most interesting	D interest
4	It was difficult test that no one finished it.	A such a	B such	C so	D so much
5	There were passengers on the bus that we couldn't find a seat.	A such	B so much	C so many	D such many
6	The children ate chocolate that they got a stomachache	A such	B so many	C so	D so much

نموذج الإجابة

Vocabulary

/ 3

1- Match a sentence part in Column 1 with a sentence part in Column 2.

Column 1		Column 2	
1. The Nile is	2	A. the most crowded city in the world.	
2. Tokyo is	3	B. the most precious stones.	
3. Diamonds are	4	C. the most popular sport in the world.	
4. Football is	5	D. the most dangerous fish.	
5. The great white shark is	1	E. the longest river in the world.	
6. The banana is	6	F. the most popular fruit.	

Grammar

/ 6

2- Complete the table below :

tall	taller	<u>the tallest</u>
old	<u>older</u>	the oldest
hot	hotter	<u>the hottest</u>
<u>happy</u>	happier	the happiest
intelligent	<u>more intelligent</u>	the most intelligent
beautiful	more beautiful	<u>the most beautiful</u>

3- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1	Ahmed is boy in my class.	A tall	B taller	C tallest	D <u>the tallest</u>
2	I think horses are than cats	A <u>smarter</u>	B more smart	C smartest	D smart
3	I think my history class is than my science class.	A interesting	B <u>more interesting</u>	C the most interesting	D interest
4	It was difficult test that no one finished it.	A <u>such a</u>	B such	C so	D so much
5	There were passengers on the bus that we couldn't find a seat.	A such	B so much	C <u>so many</u>	D such many
6	The children ate chocolate that they got a stomachache	A such	B so many	C so	D <u>so much</u>

المجموع : 20 /	الصف :	الاسم :
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Vocabulary

Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. **This quiet beach is ____.**
 A. noisy B. relaxing C. adventurous D. expensive
2. **This hiking vacation in the mountains is ____.**
 A. adventurous B. luxurious C. expensive D. relaxing
3. **I go to this place to relax because it is ____.**
 A. noisy B. cultural C. historical D. peaceful
4. **This hotel is ____.** Only rich people can stay in it.
 A. luxurious B. inexpensive C. exotic D. adventurous
5. **This place is ____.** You can learn about traditions from around the world here.
 A. cultural B. exotic C. peaceful D. unique
6. **This place is ____.** It was built thousands of years ago.
 A. adventurous B. historical C. relaxing D. noisy

Grammar

A- Match each question in Column 1 with an answer in Column 2.

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
1. How are you going to get there?	A. My friend James.
2. Who is going to travel with you?	B. We're flying.
3. Which suitcase are you going to bring?	C. One week.
4. How long are you going to stay?	D. Tomorrow.
5. When are you going to leave?	E. This large, red one.

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. **Riyadh is ____.**
 A. a beautiful city B. a city beautiful C. a beautiful D. beautiful a city

C- Write the correct adverb to fill in the blank.

1. My grandmother is a good cook. She cooks
2. Majid is a fast learner. He learns
3. They have a peaceful life in the village. The people in the village live

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Experience Mexico!

**What are you going to do on your vacation?
Do it all in one place.**

- **Visit Mexico! Our 10-day tour offers something for everyone. It is a balance of adventure, relaxation, and Mexican culture.**
- **You are going to relax on the beautiful beaches on the Caribbean Sea. You can also swim and snorkel through the clear blue water s.**
- **You are going to explore the ancient city of Palenque. See the amazing architecture at the archaeological site of this Mayan city. This is an interesting cultural trip.**
- **You are going to have an exciting time hiking through the jungle. You are going to find hidden waterfalls and play with monkeys.**

1. Where are you going to go that is relaxing?

- A. the jungle B. the beach C. the ancient city D. the museum

2. What is Palenque?

- A. a Mayan city B. the Mexican jungle C. a beautiful beach D. a waterfall

3. How long is this vacation?

- A. three days B. one week C. ten days D. two weeks

Answer these questions :

1. This vacation is great because ____.

.....

2. What are you going to do that is adventurous?

.....

writing

Write an email describing a place you know or would like to visit

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نموذج الإجابة

Vocabulary

Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

- This quiet beach is _____.
A. noisy B. relaxing C. adventurous D. expensive
- This hiking vacation in the mountains is _____.
A. adventurous B. luxurious C. expensive D. relaxing
- I go to this place to relax because it is _____.
A. noisy B. cultural C. historical D. peaceful
- This hotel is _____. Only rich people can stay in it.
A. luxurious B. inexpensive C. exotic D. adventurous
- This place is _____. You can learn about traditions from around the world here.
A. cultural B. exotic C. peaceful D. unique
- This place is _____. It was built thousands of years ago.
A. adventurous B. historical C. relaxing D. noisy

Grammar

A- Match each question in Column 1 with an answer in Column 2.

Column 1		Column 2
1. How are you going to get there?	<u>B</u>	A. My friend James.
2. Who is going to travel with you?	<u>A</u>	B. We're flying.
3. Which suitcase are you going to bring?	<u>E</u>	C. One week.
4. How long are you going to stay?	<u>C</u>	D. Tomorrow.
5. When are you going to leave?	<u>D</u>	E. This large, red one.

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

- Riyadh is _____.
A. a beautiful city B. a city beautiful C. a beautiful D. beautiful a city

C- Write the correct adverb to fill in the blank.

- My grandmother is a good cook. She cooks well
- Majid is a fast learner. He learns fast
- They have a peaceful life in the village. The people in the village live peacefully

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Experience Mexico!

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1. Where are you going to go that is relaxing?

- A. the jungle B. the beach C. the ancient city D. the museum

2. What is Palenque?

- A. a Mayan city B. the Mexican jungle C. a beautiful beach D. a hidden waterfall

3. How long is this vacation?

- A. three days B. one week C. ten days D. two weeks

Answer these questions :

1. This vacation is great because ____.

you are going to do many things

2. What are you going to do that is adventurous?

hike through the jungle

writing

Write an email describing a place you know or would like to visit

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Vocabulary

Write the correct word to fill in the blank.

Sunny – windy – snows – cloudy – rainy – dry

1. It's today. Hold on to your hat!
2. Don't forget your sunglasses. It's very
3. It is outside. I think it will rain soon.
4. It is very cold in the winter and it often
5. When it doesn't rain for a long time, the weather is
6. It will be this afternoon. You should bring your umbrella.

Grammar

A- Match each question in Column 1 with an answer in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. What will you do this summer?	A. They will probably go to the mountains.
2. Will she go to Jordan next year?	B. I'll probably get a job.
3. What will the weather be like tomorrow?	C. It will be warm and sunny.
4. Where will they go on vacation?	D. Yes, she will.
5. Will he drive his car in the snow?	E. Maybe I'll take the bus.
6. How will you get to school?	F. No, he won't.

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. If the lake ____, the children will probably go ice-skating.
 A. frozen B. freezes C. freeze D. will freeze
2. We ____ if it's cold and windy.
 A. go not camping B. won't go camping C. camping will go D. not going
3. If the hurricane hits Florida, it ____ a lot of damage.
 A. causes B. may causing C. might cause D. will cause

Reading

Read the conversation and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Saeed: Fahd, I hear that you will be leaving for your trip soon. Are you excited?

Fahd: Yes, I'm very excited. I'm leaving tomorrow.

Saeed: How long will you be gone?

Fahd: I'll be gone for a month. First, I'll drive to my grandparents' house in the mountains to visit them. I'll probably stay with them for two weeks. I love visiting them during the summer because it's cool there. It is so hot here right now!

Saeed: Yeah. I don't like it here in the summer either. It is hard to stay cool. What will you do next?

Fahd: After I leave my grandparents' house, I will visit my cousins. They live closer to the coast. It is hot there, too, but we will spend a lot of time at the beach. We'll go swimming every day to keep cool!

Saeed: Wow! That sounds great.

Fahd: Yeah, I'm sure I'll have a great time. But, what will you do?

Saeed: Oh, I won't do anything exciting. I'll probably get a job at my uncle's shop so I can stay indoors during the day. It's too hot to do anything else.

Fahd: Well, at least you'll make some money! I'll call you when I get back.

Saeed: Sounds good. Have a great trip!

1. It is probably ____.

- A. fall B. winter C. spring D. summer

2. How long will Fahd be gone?

- A. One week. B. Two weeks. C. Three weeks. D. Four weeks.

3. The weather in the mountains is ____.

- A. hot B. cool C. snowy D. rainy

4. Fahd will visit _____ at the beach.

- A. his grandparents B. his friends C. his cousins D. Saeed

Answer this question :

1. What will Saeed do?

.....

Writing

Write about how the weather affects you :

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Vocabulary

Write the correct word to fill in the blank.

Sunny – windy – snows – cloudy – rainy – dry

1. It's windy today. Hold on to your hat!
2. Don't forget your sunglasses. It's very sunny
3. It is cloudy outside. I think it will rain soon.
4. It is very cold in the winter and it often snows
5. When it doesn't rain for a long time, the weather is dry
6. It will be rainy this afternoon. You should bring your umbrella.

Grammar

A- Match each question in Column 1 with an answer in Column 2.

Column 1		Column 2
1. What will you do this summer?	B	A. They will probably go to the mountains.
2. Will she go to Jordan next year?	D	B. I'll probably get a job.
3. What will the weather be like tomorrow?	C	C. It will be warm and sunny.
4. Where will they go on vacation?	A	D. Yes, she will.
5. Will he drive his car in the snow?	F	E. Maybe I'll take the bus.
6. How will you get to school?	E	F. No, he won't.

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. If the lake ____, the children will probably go ice-skating.
 A. frozen B. freezes C. freeze D. will freeze
2. We _____ if it's cold and windy.
 A. go not camping B. won't go camping C. camping will go D. not going
3. If the hurricane hits Florida, it _____ a lot of damage.
 A. causes B. may causing C. might cause D. will cause

Reading

Read the conversation and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Saeed: Fahd, I hear that you will be leaving for your trip soon. Are you excited?

Fahd: Yes, I'm very excited. I'm leaving tomorrow.

Saeed: How long will you be gone?

Fahd: I'll be gone for a month. First, I'll drive to my grandparents' house in the mountains to visit them. I'll probably stay with them for two weeks. I love visiting them during the summer because it's cool there. It is so hot here right now!

Saeed: Yeah. I don't like it here in the summer either. It is hard to stay cool. What will you do next?

Fahd: After I leave my grandparents' house, I will visit my cousins. They live closer to the coast. It is hot there, too, but we will spend a lot of time at the beach. We'll go swimming every day to keep cool!

Saeed: Wow! That sounds great.

Fahd: Yeah, I'm sure I'll have a great time. But, what will you do?

Saeed: Oh, I won't do anything exciting. I'll probably get a job at my uncle's shop so I can stay indoors during the day. It's too hot to do anything else.

Fahd: Well, at least you'll make some money! I'll call you when I get back.

Saeed: Sounds good. Have a great trip!

1. It is probably ____.

- A. fall B. winter C. spring D. summer

2. How long will Fahd be gone?

- A. One week. B. Two weeks. C. Three weeks. D. Four weeks.

3. The weather in the mountains is ____.

- A. hot B. cool C. snowy D. rainy

4. Fahd will visit _____ at the beach.

- A. his grandparents B. his friends C. his cousins D. Saeed

Answer this question :

1. What will Saeed do?

He will probably get a job.

Writing

Write about how the weather affects you :

.....

.....

.....

.....

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.....

Vocabulary

A- Match each statement or question in Column 1 with a response or an answer in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. Let me carry those books for you.	A. That's all right. I'll wash them later.
2. Would you clean the kitchen?	B. Thank you. They're heavy.
3. Let me wash the dishes.	C. You're very kind. I am thirsty.
4. Could you pass the potatoes?	D. Certainly. Here they are.
5. I'll get you a drink.	E. Not now. I'm busy. I'll clean it later.

B- Choose the best answer to the question.

1. Which sentence is an offer?

- A. Can you help me?
- B. Will you wash the dishes?
- C. Let me drive you.

2. Which sentence is a request?

- A. Let me carry that for you.
- B. Would you get me a drink?
- C. Excuse me. That's my bag.

Grammar

Write the offer or request to fill in the blank.

Will you help me study?	Let me pay for dinner.	Can I help you?
Would you hold this for me?	I'll take your picture for you	Could I use your phone?

1. You want to call your friend. You don't have a phone.

Write the request.

2. You see a person. He is holding a camera.

Write the offer.

3. Your hands are full. You need to find your key.

Write the request.

4. You see a boy. He looks lost.

Write the offer.

5. You are at a restaurant with a friend.

Write the offer.

6. You have a test tomorrow. You are nervous about it.

Write the request.

Reading

Read the email and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/statement.

To: refaa@megagoal.com

Re: Favor

Hi Refaa,

My sister called me today and asked me to come and stay with her for a few days. She is sick and wants me to take care of her and her family. I am leaving tonight and flying to Muscat. I will be home on Sunday. Could you do me favor while I'm gone?

Would you feed my cat? She eats twice a day. Her food is in the kitchen. Also, can you take out the garbage? It needs to go out on Tuesday.

Thank you! I'm so happy to have a friend like you!

Nawal

- 1. Nawal is flying to Muscat tomorrow. ()
- 2. Nawal wants Refaa to feed her parrot. ()
- 3. Refaa wants Nawal to take out the garbage. ()
- 4. Nawal is doing a favor for her sister. ()
- 4. Refaa is a good friend. ()

Form, Meaning and Function

Match each sentence in Column 1 with a function in Column 2.

Column 1		Column 2
1. I'll meet you at the airport.		A. farewell
2. I won't tell anyone the secret.		B. refusal
3. I'll tell dad if you don't stop.		C. offer
4. I'll see you later.		D. promise
5. I won't lend you the money.		E. threat

Writing

Write a note to ask for a favor from your friend about a problem you have :

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نموذج الإجابة

Vocabulary

A- Match each statement or question in Column 1 with a response or an answer in Column 2.

Column 1		Column 2
1. Let me carry those books for you.	B	A. That's all right. I'll wash them later.
2. Would you clean the kitchen?	E	B. Thank you. They're heavy.
3. Let me wash the dishes.	A	C. You're very kind. I am thirsty.
4. Could you pass the potatoes?	D	D. Certainly. Here they are.
5. I'll get you a drink.	C	E. Not now. I'm busy. I'll clean it later.

B- Choose the best answer to the question.

1. Which sentence is an offer?

- A. Can you help me?
- B. Will you wash the dishes?
- C. Let me drive you.

2. Which sentence is a request?

- A. Let me carry that for you.
- B. Would you get me a drink?
- C. Excuse me. That's my bag.

Grammar

Write the offer or request to fill in the blank.

Will you help me study?	Let me pay for dinner.	Can I help you?
Would you hold this for me?	I'll take your picture for you	Could I use your phone?

1. You want to call your friend. You don't have a phone.

Write the request. Could I use your phone?

2. You see a person. He is holding a camera.

Write the offer. I'll take your picture for you

3. Your hands are full. You need to find your key.

Write the request. Would you hold this for me?

4. You see a boy. He looks lost.

Write the offer. Can I help you?

5. You are at a restaurant with a friend.

Write the offer. Let me pay for dinner.

6. You have a test tomorrow. You are nervous about it.

Write the request. Will you help me study?



Reading

Read the email and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/statement.

To: refaa@megagoal.com

Re: Favor

Hi Refaa,

My sister called me today and asked me to come and stay with her for a few days. She is sick and wants me to take care of her and her family. I am leaving tonight and flying to Muscat. I will be home on Sunday. Could you do me favor while I'm gone?

Would you feed my cat? She eats twice a day. Her food is in the kitchen. Also, can you take out the garbage? It needs to go out on Tuesday.

Thank you! I'm so happy to have a friend like you!

Nawal

1. Nawal is flying to Muscat tomorrow. (F)
2. Nawal wants Refaa to feed her parrot. (F)
3. Refaa wants Nawal to take out the garbage. (F)
4. Nawal is doing a favor for her sister. (T)
4. Refaa is a good friend. (T)

Form, Meaning and Function

Match each sentence in Column 1 with a function in Column 2.

Column 1		Column 2
1. I'll meet you at the airport.	C	A. farewell
2. I won't tell anyone the secret.	D	B. refusal
3. I'll tell dad if you don't stop.	E	C. offer
4. I'll see you later.	A	D. promise
5. I won't lend you the money.	B	E. threat

Writing

Write a note to ask for a favor from your friend about a problem you have :

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Vocabulary

Write the correct word to fill in the blank.

risk – fired – wounds – lightning – shrieked

1. I when I saw the snake. I was so surprised!
2. Did you see the storm last night? The was amazing!
3. He has on his body from the car accident.
4. He was from his last job. He always arrived late.
5. I can probably swim across the river, but I don't want to it.

Grammar

A- Write the sentence in each blank. Use the past progressive + when.

1. Ray / study // the telephone / ring
.....
2. They / sleep // they / hear / a noise
.....
3. I / watch TV // the electricity / go out
.....
4. She / cook dinner / The guests arrive
.....

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. There was so much traffic that I was _____ for work.
A. almost late B. just late C. absolutely late D. hardly late
2. The injured runner didn't win, but he _____ the race.
A. wasn't able to finish B. couldn't finish C. was able to finish D. could finish

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/statement.

A strange thing happened yesterday. Bob Hampton was in his car workshop with his guard dog, Pal. Bob was working on a car when a fire started in the workshop. Bob and Pal ran outside to safety. Bob tried to put the fire out. He was spraying the workshop with water when he said, "I need help." Pal ran away. Bob thought that Pal was hiding from the fire. Bob kept spraying the fire with water. A little while later, Pal came back. Behind him was the city fire department. The firefighters were working nearby when Pal ran up to them. The firefighters saw the smoke in the distance and followed Pal back to Bob. Thanks to Pal, the firefighters put the fire out quickly. Pal is now a hero. Bob and his family are very happy to have Pal. They are going to give him a lot of extra treats!

1. Bob was driving his car when the fire started. ()
2. Pal is Bob's son. ()
3. Pal brought help to Bob. ()
4. Bob put the fire out. ()
5. The firefighters were working nearby when Pal found them. ()

Writing

Write about unusual news you heard or read about :

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نموذج الإجابة

Vocabulary

Write the correct word to fill in the blank.

risk – fired – wounds – lightning – shrieked

1. I shrieked when I saw the snake. I was so surprised!
2. Did you see the storm last night? The lightning was amazing!
3. He has wounds on his body from the car accident.
4. He was fired from his last job. He always arrived late.
5. I can probably swim across the river, but I don't want to risk it.

Grammar

A- Write the sentence in each blank. Use the past progressive + *when*.

1. Ray / study // the telephone / ring
Ray was studying when the telephone rang.
2. They / sleep // they / hear / a noise
They were sleeping when they heard a noise.
3. I / watch TV // the electricity / go out
I was watching TV when the electricity went out.
4. She / cook dinner / The guests arrive
She was cooking dinner when the guests arrived.

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. There was so much traffic that I was _____ for work.
A. almost late B. just late C. absolutely late D. hardly late
2. The injured runner didn't win, but he _____ the race.
A. wasn't able to finish B. couldn't finish C. was able to finish D. could finish



Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/statement.

A strange thing happened yesterday. Bob Hampton was in his car workshop with his guard dog, Pal. Bob was working on a car when a fire started in the workshop. Bob and Pal ran outside to safety. Bob tried to put the fire out. He was spraying the workshop with water when he said, "I need help." Pal ran away. Bob thought that Pal was hiding from the fire. Bob kept spraying the fire with water. A little while later, Pal came back. Behind him was the city fire department. The firefighters were working nearby when Pal ran up to them. The firefighters saw the smoke in the distance and followed Pal back to Bob. Thanks to Pal, the firefighters put the fire out quickly. Pal is now a hero. Bob and his family are very happy to have Pal. They are going to give him a lot of extra treats!

1. Bob was driving his car when the fire started. (F)
2. Pal is Bob's son. (F)
3. Pal brought help to Bob. (T)
4. Bob put the fire out. (F)
5. The firefighters were working nearby when Pal found them. (T)

Writing

Write about unusual news you heard or read about :

.....

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Vocabulary

Match a word in Column 1 with a word in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. hang	A. hanging
2. cliff	B. skiing
3. desert	C. safari
4. water	D. diving
5. shark	E. gliding

Grammar

A- Write the correct word to fill in the blank. Write the past participle.

1. be, was,
2. go, went,
3. take, took,
4. see, saw,
5. do, did,
6. write, wrote,
7. hear, heard,

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. I _____ Italy last year.

- A. has visited B. have visited C. visited D. visit

C- Write the verb in parentheses in the correct tense to fill in the blank.

1. a camel in the desert? (*he/ride/ever*)
2. Iwhere my keys are. Can you help me find them? (*not/know*)
3. Fahd can't come to the phone now. He the lawn. (*mow*)
4. Ito buy eggs when I was at the supermarket. (*forget*)

Reading

Read the conversation and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Victor: What is the most exciting thing you've ever done?
Peter: The most exciting thing I've ever done was touch a whale in the ocean.
Victor: You're joking, right? How did you touch a whale?
Peter: I was on vacation in Hawaii with my family. We were taking a ride in a small boat when a group of whales swam near us. We stopped the boat and waited for them to pass. Suddenly, a whale came up next to us. It was huge! It was a lot bigger than the boat. I reached out and touched it before it went back underwater.
Victor: Wow! Were you scared?
Peter: Not at all! I was excited! It was amazing to be so close to such a large animal.
Victor: But you are lucky that you didn't fall into the water!
Peter: I know! But if I could, I would do it again!

1. The most exciting thing Peter has ever done is _____.

- A. visit Hawaii B. take a boat ride C. touch a whale D. swim with whales

2. Peter was on vacation _____.

- A. with his friends B. with his family C. alone D. with Victor

3. Peter was _____ when it happened.

- A. walking on the beach B. riding in a boat C. visiting an aquarium D. swimming

4. Huge means _____.

- A. big B. dark C. soft D. wet

5. Peter was _____.

- A. afraid B. worried C. sad D. excited

Writing

Write about your daily routine :

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نموذج الإجابة

Vocabulary

Match a word in Column 1 with a word in Column 2.

Column 1		Column 2
1. hang	E	A. hanging
2. cliff	A	B. skiing
3. desert	C	C. safari
4. water	B	D. diving
5. shark	D	E. gliding

Grammar

A- Write the correct word to fill in the blank. Write the past participle.

1. be, was, been
2. go, went, gone
3. take, took, taken
4. see, saw, seen
5. do, did, done
6. write, wrote, written
7. hear, heard, heard

B- Choose the best answer to fill in the blank.

1. I _____ Italy last year.

- A. has visited B. have visited C. visited D. visit

C- Write the verb in parentheses in the correct tense to fill in the blank.

1. Has he ever ridden a camel in the desert? (*he/ride/ever*)
2. I don't know or do not know where my keys are. Can you help me find them? (*not/know*)
3. Fahd can't come to the phone now. He is mowing or 's mowing the lawn. (*mow*)
4. I forgot to buy eggs when I was at the supermarket. (*forget*)

Reading

Read the conversation and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Victor: What is the most exciting thing you've ever done?
Peter: The most exciting thing I've ever done was touch a whale in the ocean.
Victor: You're joking, right? How did you touch a whale?
Peter: I was on vacation in Hawaii with my family. We were taking a ride in a small boat when a group of whales swam near us. We stopped the boat and waited for them to pass. Suddenly, a whale came up next to us. It was huge! It was a lot bigger than the boat. I reached out and touched it before it went back underwater.
Victor: Wow! Were you scared?
Peter: Not at all! I was excited! It was amazing to be so close to such a large animal.
Victor: But you are lucky that you didn't fall into the water!
Peter: I know! But if I could, I would do it again!

1. The most exciting thing Peter has ever done is _____.

- A. visit Hawaii B. take a boat ride C. touch a whale D. swim with whales

2. Peter was on vacation _____.

- A. with his friends B. with his family C. alone D. with Victor

3. Peter was _____ when it happened.

- A. walking on the beach B. riding in a boat C. visiting an aquarium D. swimming

4. Huge means _____.

- A. big B. dark C. soft D. wet

5. Peter was _____.

- A. afraid B. worried C. sad D. excited

Writing

Write about your daily routine :

.....
.....
.....
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Revision Sheet _ Unit (9) : Let's Go Out

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

do the laundry – iron the clothes – go bowling – hang out – wash the dishes



B- Classify the words:

babysit – shopping – dust – swimming

Activities	Chores

C- Circle the odd word:

- 1- **Activities:** clean the room – go out for dinner – go for a drive – go for a ride
 2- **Chores:** take out the garbage – mow the lawn – hang out – babysit

D- Match:

- | | |
|-------------|--|
| 1- Come on | a- compromise |
| 2- Let down | b- disappoint someone |
| | c- used to encourage someone to do something |

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

obligation – suggest – complain – dust – garbage

- 1- You should call customer service and
- 2- Don't forget to take out the
- 3- There is a lot of on this table.
- 4- I we go out to eat.

Revision Sheet _ Unit (9) : Let's Go Out

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

do the laundry – iron the clothes – go bowling – hang out – wash the dishes



wash the dishes



iron the clothes



do the laundry



go bowling

B- Classify the words:

babysit – shopping – dust – swimming

Activities	Chores
shopping	babysit
swimming	dust

C- Circle the odd word:

- 1- **Activities:** clean the room – go out for dinner – go for a drive – go for a ride
 2- **Chores:** take out the garbage – mow the lawn – hang out – babysit

D- Match:

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| 1- <u>Come on</u> | a- compromise |
| 2- <u>Let down</u> | b- <u>disappoint someone</u> |
| | c- <u>used to encourage someone to do something</u> |

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

obligation – suggest – complain – dust – garbage

- 1- You should call customer service and complain.
- 2- Don't forget to take out the garbage.
- 3- There is a lot of dust on this table.
- 4- I suggest we go out to eat.

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- You should (**eat** – ate – eating) healthy food.
- 2- Let's (**playing** – played – **play**) football.
- 3- Why don't you (**take** – took – taking) a rest?
- 4- Ali goes (**swim** – swam – **swimming**) three times a week.
- 5- I can't play now. I (**has to** – **have to** – had to) study for a test.
- 6- Dana can't come today. She (**has to** – have to – had to) clean her room.
- 7- I didn't go to the party yesterday because I (**has to** – have to – **had to**) look after my baby.
- 8- You (**must** – don't have to – **mustn't**) talk during the test.
- 9- You (**must** – don't have to – **mustn't**) listen to your parents.
- 10- You (**must** – **don't have to** – **mustn't**) eat lunch at school , you can eat at home.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

1- (Use **must** or **mustn't**)

- a- You **mustn't** cheat.
- b- You **must** be on time.
- c- You **must** go to bed early at night.
- d- You **mustn't** shout in the class.

2- (Make a suggestion)

- a- I am bored. (go/ the beach)
Let's go to the beach. or **Why don't we go to the beach?**
- b- I am hungry. (eat/ pizza)
Let's eat pizza. or **Why don't we eat pizza?**

3- I can't go shopping now I **had** to do my homework. (Correct the mistake)
I can't go shopping now I have to do my homework.

4- You **must** eat too much chocolate. It's bad for your teeth. (Correct the mistake)
You mustn't eat too much chocolate. It's bad for your teeth.

5- (Complete the sentences. Use "go + verb + -ing")

- a- Farah **goes swimming** (swim) every Friday.
- b- Tala and Lana **go bowling** (bowl) at the mall on the weekend.

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- **A: (Who – Whose – Where)** backpack is this?
B: It is (mine – my – me).
- 2- It is **(they – their – theirs)** house.
- 3- This house is **(they – their – theirs).**
- 4- That is not **(she – her – hers)** book.
- 5- **A:** Which coat do you like?
B: The green **(one – ones – too).**
- 6- **A:** Which boots do you like?
B: The black **(one – ones – too).**
- 7- Faten didn't buy any sunglasses because they were **(one – ones – too)** expensive.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- This is mine ring. **(Correct the mistake)**
.....
- 2- That jacket is her. **(Correct the mistake)**
.....
- 3- **(Complete the sentence with one or ones):**
 - a- I am eating some red apples and some green
 - b- I don't like this hat. Please show me another
- 4- **(Use Can , Could or May to ask for permission):**
 - a- Ask your teacher that you want to drink water.
.....
 - b- Ask your mother that you want to go out with your friends.
.....

Revision Sheet _ Unit (10) : It's a Bargain!

I. Vocabulary:A- Write the words under the pictures:

necklace – socks – perfume – tie – escalator



escalator



perfume



tie



necklace

B- Classify the words:

hat – suit – earrings – bracelet – sunglasses – sweatshirts

Jewellery	Accessories	Outerwear
earrings	hat	sweatshirts
bracelet	sunglasses	suit

C- Circle the odd word:

- Jewellery:** ring – **wallet** – bracelet – necklace
- Accessories:** scarf – belt – leather bag – **windbreaker**
- Outerwear:** coat – dress – **makeup** – raincoat
- Home department store:** furniture – pillowcase – **eye shadow** – appliances
- Woman's department store:** skirt – shoes – **tie** – dress
- Men's department store:** suit – shirt – boots – **blouse**

D- Match:

- Haraj** a- **things in general**
- Stuff** b- **a large market where people buy and sell both new and used items**
c- a polite way to answer 'no'

E- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

bargain – brand – umbrella – gold – sale

- The boots are on **sale**.
- The store had a huge **bargain** on shoes.
- We use an **umbrella** for protection from the rain.
- Could I see that **gold** necklace?

F- Match the word with its opposite:

- men** a- comfortable
- cheap** b- **expensive**
c- **women**

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- A: (Who – **Whose** – Where) backpack is this?
B: It is (**mine** – my – me).
- 2- It is (they – **their** – theirs) house.
- 3- This house is (they – their – **theirs**).
- 4- That is not (she – **her** – hers) book.
- 5- A: Which coat do you like?
B: The green (**one** – ones – too).
- 6- A: Which boots do you like?
B: The black (**one** – **ones** – too).
- 7- Faten didn't buy any sunglasses because they were (**one** – **ones** – **too**) expensive.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

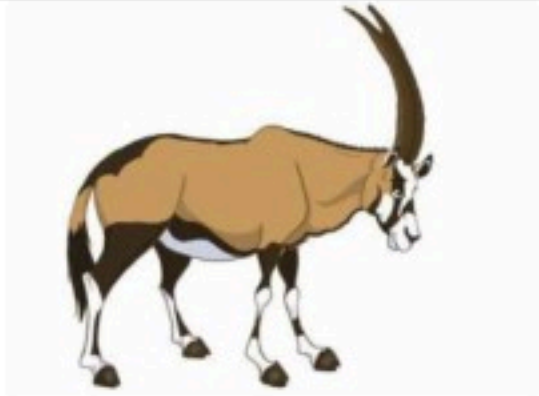
- 1- This is mine ring. (Correct the mistake)
This is my ring.
- 2- That jacket is her. (Correct the mistake)
That jacket is hers.
- 3- (Complete the sentence with one or ones):
 - a- I am eating some red apples and some green **ones**.
 - b- I don't like this hat. Please show me another **one**.
- 4- (Use Can , Could or May to ask for permission):
 - a- Ask your teacher that you want to drink water.
Can I drink water? (varied answer)
 - b- Ask your mother that you want to go out with your friends.
My I go out with my friends? (varied answer)

Revision Sheet _ Unit (11) : There's No Comparison

I. Vocabulary:

A- Write the words under the pictures:

diamond – shark – doorknob – oryx – falcon



B- Classify the words:

pounds – cheetah – kilograms – shark

Animals	Measurement words

C- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

endangered – install – competition – recharge – weigh

- 1- I want to anti-virus software.
- 2- Pandas are one of the species in the world.
- 3- There will be a chess next week.
- 4- How much do you?

D- Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Abha was with tourists.
a- luxurious b- crowded
- 2- They have a house.
a- luxurious b- crowded
- 3- This lake is for swimmers.
a- dangerous b- smart
- 4- My teeth are very to cold food.
a- precious b- sensitive
- 5- His children are very to him.
a- precious b- worldwide

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- Hind is (**tall – taller – tallest**).
- 2- Jaber is (**tall – taller – tallest**) than Hatem.
- 3- Bushra is the (**tall – taller – tallest**) student in the class.
- 4- Jeddah is (**modern – more modern – most modern**).
- 5- Jeddah is (**modern – more modern – most modern**) than Abha.
- 6- Riyadh is the (**modern – more modern – most modern**) city in KSA.
- 7- Ali's mark is (**good – better – best**) than Hassan's.
- 8- Dr Omar is the (**good – better – best**) doctor in the city.
- 9- The meal was (**so – such – so many**) delicious that we ate too much.
- 10- John is (**so – such – so many**) a naughty boy that nobody likes him.
- 11- I have (**so – so many – so much**) watches that I can't decide which one to wear.
- 12- He put (**so – so many – so much**) salt that we couldn't eat it.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- (**Complete the sentences with so many or so much**)
 - a- He has money that he could buy any house in the city.
 - b- He has books that he can hardly carry them.

- 2- (**Complete the sentence with so or such**):
 - a- It was expensive that we couldn't afford it.
 - b- There was bad weather that we had to stay home all day.

- 3- (**Combine the sentences with so...that or such...that**)
 - a- It was a beautiful day. We decided to go for a drive in the countryside.
.....
 - b- The music was loud. We called the police.
.....

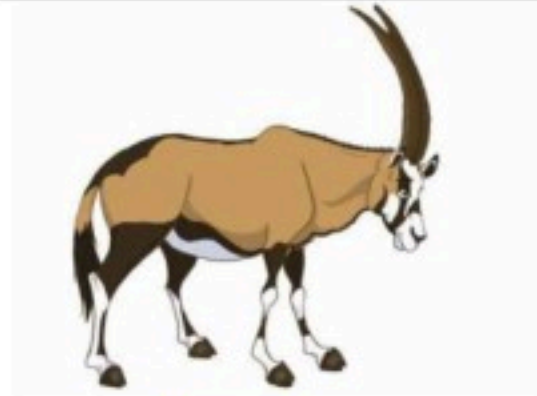
Revision Sheet _ Unit (11) : There's No Comparison

I. Vocabulary:A- Write the words under the pictures:

diamond – shark – doorknob – oryx – falcon



doorknob



oryx



falcon



diamond

B- Classify the words:

pounds – cheetah – kilograms – shark

Animals	Measurement words
cheetah	pounds
shark	kilograms

C- Fill in the blank with the correct words in the box:

endangered – install – competition – recharge – weigh

- I want to **install** anti-virus software.
- Pandas are one of the **endangered** species in the world.
- There will be a chess **competition** next week.
- How much do you **weigh**?

D- Choose the correct answer:

- Abha was with tourists.
a- luxurious b- **crowded**
- They have a house.
a- **luxurious** b- crowded
- This lake is for swimmers.
a- **dangerous** b- smart
- My teeth are very to cold food.
a- precious b- **sensitive**
- His children are very to him.
a- **precious** b- worldwide

II. Grammar:

A- Choose:

- 1- Hind is (**tall** – taller – tallest).
- 2- Jaber is (tall – **taller** – tallest) than Hatem.
- 3- Bushra is the (tall – taller – **tallest**) student in the class.
- 4- Jeddah is (**modern** – more modern – most modern).
- 5- Jeddah is (modern – **more modern** – most modern) than Abha.
- 6- Riyadh is the (modern – more modern – **most modern**) city in KSA.
- 7- Ali's mark is (good – **better** – best) than Hassan's.
- 8- Dr Omar is the (good – better – **best**) doctor in the city.
- 9- The meal was (**so** – such – so many) delicious that we ate too much.
- 10- John is (so – **such** – so many) a naughty boy that nobody likes him.
- 11- I have (so – **so many** – so much) watches that I can't decide which one to wear.
- 12- He put (so – so many – **so much**) salt that we couldn't eat it.

B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- (Complete the sentences with so many or so much)
 - a- He has **so much** money that he could buy any house in the city.
 - b- He has **so many** books that he can hardly carry them.

- 2- (Complete the sentence with so or such):
 - a- It was **so** expensive that we couldn't afford it.
 - b- There was **such** bad weather that we had to stay home all day.

- 3- (Combine the sentences with so...that or such...that)
 - a- It was a beautiful day. We decided to go for a drive in the countryside.
It was such a beautiful day that we decided to go for a drive in the countryside.
 - b- The music was loud. We called the police.
The music was so loud that we called the police.

Super Goal 2 Dictionary

قاموس منهج سوپر قول ٢



إعداد وتنظيم الأستاذ : بدر الشهرري

Badr Alshahri



Unit 9 : الوحدة التاسعة	
Let's Go Out لنذهب خارج المنزل	
Vocabulary : المفردات	
Nouns : الأسماء	
Chore	أعمال منزلة
free-time activity	أنشطة أوقات الفراغ
Obligation	واجبات / التزامات
Verbs – Activities : أفعال – الأنشطة	
go bowling	يذهب للعب البولينغ
go for a drive	يذهب في جولة بالسيارة
go for a ride	يخرج للتنزه
go out for dinner	يخرج لتناول العشاء
go shopping	يذهب للتسوق
go swimming	يذهب لممارسة السباحة
hang out	يتسكع
Verbs – Chores : الأفعال – الأعمال المنزلية	
babysit	يجالس الأطفال
clean your room	ينظف الغرفة
do the laundry	يغسل الملابس
dust	ينظف الغبار
iron the clothes	يكوي الملابس
mow the lawn	يجز العشب
take care of	يرعى / يهتم بـ
take out the garbage	يرمي الزبالة
wash the dishes	يغسل الصحون
Expressions : التعبيرات	
Making suggestions : يضع الاقتراحات	
Let's	لنذهب
What should we do?	ما الذي يجب علينا فعله؟
Why don't . . . ?	لماذا لا؟
Expressing obligation : التعبير عن الالتزامات	
I have to	يجب علي أن
Real talk : الكلمات والمعاني	
come on	هيا
let down	يخذل



**Unit 10 : الوحدة العاشرة****It's a Bargain : إنها صفقة جيدة****Vocabulary : المفردات****Nouns : الأسماء**

appliance	جهاز الكتروني
bargain	صفقة / مكاسرة
brand	علامة تجارية
department	قسم / فرع
electronics	الالكترونيات
escalator	سلم كهربائي
eye shadow	ظل للعين
furniture	أثاث
gold	ذهب
habit	عادة
housewares	أدوات منزلية
leather	جلد
make-up	مكياج
perfume	عطر
pillowcase	غطاء للوسادة
price	سعر
sheet	لحاف
store directory	دليل للمتجر
Nouns— Clothing and accessories :	
أسماء الملابس والاكسسوارات	
backpack	حقيبة ظهر
bag	حقيبة / شنطة
belt	حزام
blouse	بلوزة
boots	جزمة
bracelet	سواره
casual wear	لباس اعتيادي
coat	كوت / معطف
dress	فستان
earrings	حلق الأذن
jewelry	مجوهرات
necklace	سلسال





Unit 10 : الوحدة العاشرة	
It's a Bargain : إنها صفقة جيدة	
Vocabulary : المفردات	
Nouns— Clothing and accessories : أسماء الملابس والاكسسوارات	
outerwear	الملابس الخارجية
raincoat	كوت المطر
ring	خاتم
scarf, scarves (pl.)	وشاح - أوشحة
shirt	قميص ذو أكمام طويلة
Shoe	جزمة
skirt	تنورة
suit	بدلة
sunglasses	نظارة شمسية
sweatpants	بنطال رياضي
sweatshirt	فنيلة رياضية
tie	ربطة عنق
umbrella	مظلة
wallet	محفظة
windbreaker	سترة واقية
verb : فعل	
trust	يثق
Adjectives : الصفات	
cheap	رخيص
comfortable	مريح
expensive	غالي
Expressions : التعبيرات	
Idioms : المصطلحات	
be on sale	تخفيضات / تنزيلات
make payments	سداد المدفوعات
Real talk : المفردات والمعاني	
do you mind + -ing?	هل يمكنك ؟
not at all	لا مانع
not really	ليس بالفعل
stuff	أغراض



**الوحدة الحادية عشر : Unit 11****لا يوجد مقارنة : There's No Comparison****المفردات : Vocabulary****الأسماء : Nouns**

competition	منافسة
creature	مخلوق
diamond	ألماس
doorknob	قفل الباب
element	عنصر / مادة
falcon	صقر
faucet	صنبور
glass	زجاج
habitat	موطن / مسكن طبيعي
height	ارتفاع
karat	قيراط
marble	رخام
member	عضو / فرد
mirror	مرآة
oryx	المها العربي
prey	فريسة
sail	شراع
shark	قرش
species	فصائل حيوانات
suite	جناح في الفندق
wonder	تسائل / استغراب

مفردات للمقاييس : Nouns – Measurement words

foot, feet (pl.)	قدم ، أقدام
kilograms	كيلوجرام
meter	متر
pounds	رطل

أفعال : Verbs

bark	ينبح
exist	يوجد
fall out	يسقط
fear	يخاف
feature	يتميز
grow	ينمو





الوحدة الحادية عشر : Unit 11	
لا يوجد مقارنة : There's No Comparison	
المفردات : Vocabulary	
أفعال : Verbs	
install	يحمل / يثبت برنامج
last	يدوم
recharge	يعيد الشحن
reintroduce	يعيد التقديم
replace	يستبدل
weigh	يزن
الصفات : Adjectives	
architectural	معماري
convenient	مناسب / ملائم
crowded	مزدحم
dangerous	خطير
endangered	معرض للخطر
extinct	منقرض
friendly	ودود
gold-plated	مغطى بالذهب
hard	صعب / خشن
luxurious	فخم
popular	مشهور
precious	غالي / ثمين
predatory	مفترس
sensitive	حساس
smart	ذكي
spectacular	مذهل
tall	طويل
worldwide	عالمي
الأحوال : Adverbs	
Approximately	تقريبا
especially	خصوصا
التعبيرات : Expressions	
مصطلح : Idiom	
in the wild	بري / في البرية
المفردات والمعاني : Real talk	
What's new ?	ما جديد الأخبار



**الوحدة الثانية عشر : Unit 12****سوف يكون ممتعا ! ! It's Going to Be Fun!****Vocabulary : المفردات****Nouns : الأسماء**

art gallery	معرض فني
coral reef	شعاب مرجانية
cuisine	أطباق
culture	ثقافة / حضارة
ecosystem	نظام بيئي
ecotourism	سياحة بيئية
habitat	مسكن / موطن
herd	قطيع
jungle	غابة
marine life	حياة بحرية
mosquito	بعوض
oasis	واحة
resort	منتجع
safari	سفاري برية
scuba diving	رياضة الغطس
theme park	حديقة ترفيهية
tomb	ضريح / قبر
trail	طريق / أثر
trekking	رحلات
variety	متنوع
view	منظر
village	قرية
wildlife	حياة برية
Verbs : الأفعال	
carve	ينحت
experience	يكتسب خبرة
explore	يستكشف
hike	يتنزه مشيا على الأقدام



**الوحدة الثانية عشر : Unit 12****سوف يكون ممتعا ! ! It's Going to Be Fun!****Vocabulary : المفردات****Adjectives : الصفات**

adventurous	مغامر
allergic	حساسية
ancient	قديم / عتيق
awesome	مذهل
coastal	ساحلي
ecological	بيئي
ethnic	عرق / أصل
exotic	غريب
inexpensive	رخيص / غير مكلف
magnificent	خلاب
peaceful	مسالم
quiet	هادئ
thrilling	مثير
unique	فريد من نوعه

Expressions : التعبيرات**Idioms : مصطلحات**

come face to face (with)	يقابل / يواجه
come into contact (with)	يتواصل مع

Real Talk : الكلمات والمعاني

Actually	في الحقيقة
off the beaten track	خارج عن المسار



**الوحدة الثالثة عشر : Unit 13****كيف يبدو الطقس ؟ ؟ What's The Weather Like ?****المفردات : Vocabulary****الأسماء : Nouns**

barometer	بارومتر (جهاز قياس الضغط الجوي)
cherry blossom	زهرة الكرز
damage	ضرر
degree	درجة
display	عرض
fall	سقوط
forecast	نشرة الأحوال الجوية
gulf	خليج
humidity	رطوبة
hurricane	إعصار
leaf, leaves (pl.)	ورقة ، أوراق الشجر
rain	مطر
season	موسم
snow	ثلج
spring	ربيع
summer	صيف
temperature	درجة الحرارة
weather	طقس
winter	الشتاء

الأفعال : Verbs

cause	يسبب
pass over	يتجاوز / يتخطى
rain	يمطر
snow	يثلج
vary	ينوع / يغير

الصفات : Adjectives

brehtaking	منظر خلاب / آخاذ
magnificent	مذهل
unpredictable	غير متوقع





Unit 13 : الوحدة الثالثة عشر	
كيف يبدو الطقس ؟ ؟ What's The Weather Like ?	
المفردات : Vocabulary	
صفات الطقس : Adjectives— Weather words	
cloudy	غائم
cold	بارد
cool	معتدل
dry	جاف
hot	حار
sunny	مشمس
warm	دافئ
windy	عاصف
الأحوال : Adverbs	
absolutely	بكل تأكيد
extremely	جدا / أقصى حد
partly	جزئياً
probably	بشكل محتمل / ربما
quite	جدا
حرف الجر : Preposition	
below	أسفل
التعبيرات : Expressions	
السؤال عن الطقس : Asking about the weather	
What's the weather like ?	كيف يبدو الطقس ؟
الكلمات والمعاني : Real talk	
I hear	أنا أسمع بأنه
It depends	يعتمد على

**الوحدة الرابعة عشر : Unit 14****Could You Do Me A Favor ?**

هل يمكنك أن تقدم لي معروفاً ؟

Vocabulary : المفردات**Nouns : الأسماء**

gathering	اجتماع
napkin	منديل
snack	وجبة
voice	صوت

Verbs : الأفعال

lend	يُعير
lower	يُخفض
borrow	يستعير

Expressions : التعبيرات**Making and responding to request :**

صيغة أو الاستجابة لطلب خدمة ما

Certainly	بكل تأكيد
Could you ?	هل يمكنك ... ؟
I'm sorry	أنا آسف
No problem	لا مشكلة
Of course,	بالطبع
Sure	بالتأكيد
Will you ... ?	هل يمكنك ... ؟
Would you ... ?	هل يمكنك ... ؟

Offering help and responding

عرض المساعدة أو الاستجابة لها

Let me ...	دعني أقدم لك ...
No , that's all right	لا ، لا داعي لذلك

Interrupting : مقاطعة الحديث أو الحوار :

Excuse me ...	لو سمحت / من فضلك
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الوحدة الرابعة عشر : Unit 14

Could You Do Me A Favor ?

هل يمكنك أن تقدم لي معروفاً ؟

التعبيرات : Expressions

المحادثة الهاتفية : Telephone language

Can I take a message?

هل يمكنني أن أخذ رسالتك ؟

Did you try his cell phone?

هل حاولت الاتصال بهاتفه المحمول ؟

Hello. This is. . .

مرحباً ، معك ...

May I speak to ... ?

هل يمكنني التحدث إلى ... ؟

(He) doesn't answer

إنه لا يجيب على الهاتف

المفردات والمعاني : Real Talk

I have no idea

ليس لدي أي فكرة

Will you do me a favor?

هل يمكنك أن تقدم لي معروفاً ؟



**Unit 15 : الوحدة الخامسة عشر****Today's News : أخبار اليوم****Vocabulary : المفردات****Nouns : الأسماء**

anaconda	ثعبان الأناكوندا
attraction	جذب
crowd	جمهور
device	جهاز
electric current	تيار كهربائي
headphones	سماعات
hero	بطل
hip	ورك
knife	سكين
lightning	برق
parrot	ببغاء
scream	صراخ
snake	ثعبان
storm	عاصفة
wire	سلك
wound	جرح

Verbs : أفعال

attack	يهجم
be fired	يُطرد
burn	يحرق
deliver	يسلم / يوصل
kick out	يركل / يطرد
manage	يدير
overpower	يقهر / يهزم / يدحر
remember	يتذكر
risk	يخطر
rush	يستعجل
shock	يصعق
shriek	يصرخ
warn	يُحذر





Unit 15 : الوحدة الخامسة عشر	
Today's News : أخبار اليوم	
Vocabulary : المفردات	
Adjectives : الصفات	
empty	فارغ
improper	غير مناسب / غير ملائم
strong	قوي
stuck	مصعوق / متفاجئ
Expressions : التعبيرات	
Idioms : المصطلحات	
break down	ينهار
get control of	يسيطر على
Real talk : الكلمات والمعاني	
Keep your cool	حافظ على هدوء أعصابك



الوحدة السادسة عشر : Unit 16	
هل سبق لك أن ... ؟ ؟ Have You Ever ... ?	
المفردات : Vocabulary	
الأسماء : Nouns	
Cage	قفص
camel	جمل
cliff hanging	تسلق الجبال
desert safari hang	التنزه في السفاري
gliding	طيران شراعي
harness	أدوات السلامة
rope	حبل
shark diving	الغطس مع القرش
volcano	بركان
zebra	حمار وحشي
أفعال : Verbs	
dive	يغطس / يقفز
knock	يطرق
throw	يرمي
الصفات : adjectives	
frightening	مخيف / مرعب
weird	غريب
حال : Adverb	
up close	عن قرب
التعبيرات : Expressions	
مصطلح : Idiom	
Have you ever heard of ... ?	هل سبق وأن سمعت عن
المفردات والمعاني : Real Talk	
Definitely	بكل تأكيد
scared to death	خائف جدا / مرعوب
To be honest	حتى أكون صادقا
You're out of your mind!	أنت مجنون